CLASS XII

COURSE STRUCTURE

Chapter	Chapter Name	Marks			
No.		Allotted			
PART A-CONTEMPORARY WORLD POLITICS					
1	The End of Bipolarity	6			
2	Contemporary Centres of Power	6			
3	Contemporary South Asia	6			
4	International Organizations	6			
5	Security in the Contemporary World	6			
6	Environment and Natural Resources	6			
7	Globalisation	4			
	PART A - Total	40			
PART B-POLITICS IN INDIA SINCE INDEPENDENCE					
1	Challenges of Nation-Building	6			
2	Era of One-Party Dominance	4			
3	Politics of Planned Development	2			
4	India's External Relations	6			
5	Challenges to and Restoration of the Congress System	4			
6	The Crisis of Democratic Order	4			
7	Regional Aspirations	6			
8	Recent Developments in Indian Politics	8			
	PART B - Total	40			
	TOTAL	80			

CLASS XII COURSE CONTENT

Chapter No. and Name	Learning Outcomes with Specific Competencies			
 1.The End of Bipolarity Topics to be focused: a) The Soviet System b) Gorbachev and the disintegration c) Causes and Consequences of disintegration of Soviet Union d) Shock Therapy and its Consequences e) New entities in world politics Russia Balkan States Central Asian States f) India's relations with Russia and other post-communist countries 	 Students will be able to: Identify the basic features of the Soviet System. Discuss the background and outcome of disintegration of the Soviet Union. Examine the consequences of unipolar world Assess the features of Shock Therapy Probe into the recent happenings in the Post-Communist Countries. Trace the developments between India & Russia 			
2. Contemporary Centres of Power	Students will be able to:			
a) European Union b) Association of Southeast Asian Nations c) Rise of China as an economic power d) Japan and South Korea as emerging powers 3. Contemporary South Asia	 Compare and contrast the importance of European Union and ASEAN. Evaluate the extent of rise of Chinese economy and its impact on world politics. Summarise India's relations with China. Students will be able to: Identify & locate the seven countries of the South Asian region. Appreciate the mixed record of democracy in the South Asian region. Examine the role of Political leaders Reflect upon the causes of various conflicts and movements in this region. Justify the creation of SAARC Understand the involvement of US and China in South Asia. 			
4. International Organizations Topics to be focused: a) Meaning and importance of International Organisations b) Evolution of the UN c) Structure and function of International Organisations d) Principal Organs of UN	 Students will beable to: Define International Organisation Appreciate the role of United Nations and its agencies Reflect on the events taking place in the post-cold war era Understand the need for reforms in the United Nations 			

- e) Reform of the UN after ColdWar f) Reform of Structures. **Processes** and Jurisdiction of the UN h) India and the UN Reforms i) Key Agencies: IMF, World Bank, WTO, ILO, IAEA. j) NGO: Amnesty International, Human Rights Watch. g) Implications and Future of International **Organisations** 5. Security in the Contemporary World Students will be able to: Topics to be focused: Recognise the causes of security threats a) Meaning and Type of Security. Enhance analytical skills to provide b) Traditional concept of Security solutions to security concerns. c) Non-tradition notions of Security. Develop critical thinking about the role d) New Sources of Threats of various stakeholders in ensuring e) Cooperative Security security today. f) India's Security strategy 6. Environment and Natural Resources Students will be able to: Enlist and explain the facts related to Topics to be focused: global environmental issues a) Environmental Concerns Recognise and understand the need to b) Global Commons conserve critical resources c) Common but differentiated responsibilities Demonstrate knowledge and appreciation d) India's Stand on Environment Issues towards India's responsibility in protecting f) Environmental Movements environment g) Resource Geopolitics Realise the need to conserve resources e) Rights of Indigenous peoples exhibit responsibility prudential use to facilitate sustainable development Know about the nature of concerns of indigenous communities and understand how the governments of different countries respond to their plea Students will be able to: 7. Globalisation Appreciate the significance of Topics to be focused: Globalisation a) Concept of globalisation Elucidate the political, economic, and b) Causes and Consequences of globalisation cultural dimensions of Globalisation.
- c) India and globalization
- d) Resistance to globalisation
- e) India and resistance to globalisation
- Critically evaluate the impact of globalisation on India.
- Draw attention to resistance movements to Globalisation and envisage its future trends.

PART B-POLITICS IN INDIA S	SINCE INDEPENDENCE			
1. Challenges of Nation Building	Students will be able to:			
Topics to be focused: a) Challenges for the new Nation. • Three Challenges. b) Partition: Displacement and Rehabilitation. • Consequences of Partition. c) Integration of Princely States. • The problem • Government's approach • Hyderabad • Manipur d) Reorganisation of States.	 Analyse the challenges which Independent India faced. Describe the factors that led to the partition of India. Explain the circumstances under which different princely states signed the Instrument of Accession. Assess how language became the basis of reorganisation of the states. Evaluate the role played by leaders in Nation Building. 			
2. Era of One-Party Dominance	Students will be able to:			
 Topics to be focussed: a) Challenge of building democracy. b) Congress dominance in the first three general elect ions. Nature of Congress dominance Congress as social and ideological coalition. Tolerance and management of Factions c) Emergence of opposition parties. 	 Appreciate the sustenance of democratic politics in the country. Evaluate the electoral politics post-Independence Assess the dominance of the Indian National Congress from 1952 to 1967. Evaluate the role of Opposition parties 			
3. Politics of Planned Development	Students will be able to:			
Topics to be focussed: a) Political contestation. • Ideas of Development. • Planning • Planning Commission b) The Early Initiatives	 Identify the varied option considered by the government to balance growth and socio-economic justice. Know the difference between Left and Right Ideology Understand the need for the formation of 			

- b) The Early Initiatives
 - The First Five Year Plan.
 - Rapid Industrialisation.

4.India's External Relations

Topics to be focussed:

- a) International Context
- b) The Policy of Non-Alignment.

- Understand the need for the formation of the Planning Commission.
- Appreciate the need for strategic longterm development programme and policies

Students will be able to:

- Recognise the significance of NAM
- Interpret, compare and contrast multilateral aspects of Indo-China relationship
- Demonstrate knowledge on Indo-Pak wars

- Nehru's role
- Distance from two camps.
- Afro Asian Unity
- c) Peace and conflict with China
 - The Chinese Invasion1962
 - War and Peace with Pakistan
 - Bangladesh War 1971
- d) India's Nuclear Policy.

Appreciate the steps taken by Indian government to develop military capacity

 Reflect and introspect on the choices that the country must consider for the cause of development and peace building

5. Challenges to and Restoration of the Congress System

Topics to be focused:

- a) Challenge of Political Succession
 - From Nehru to Shastri
 - From Shastri to Indira Gandhi
- b) Fourth General Election 1967
 - Context of the Election.
 - Non Congressism
 - Electoral Verdict
 - Coalitions
 - Defections
- c) Split in the Congress
 - Indira vs the Syndicate
 - Presidential Election 1969
- d) The 1971 Election and Restoration of Congress
 - The outcome and after Restoration

Students will be able to:

- Understand the challenges of political succession after Nehru.
 Evaluate the opposition unity and the Congress split as a challenge to Congress dominance.
- Compare and contrast the new Congress and the old Congress.
- Summarise the initiatives taken by Indira Gandhi to overcome the challenges faced by her
- Analyse the process of restoration of the Congress system

6. The Crisis of Democratic Order

Topics to be focused:

- a) Background to Emergency.
 - Economic Context.
 - Gujarat and Bihar Movements
 - Conflict with Judiciary
- c) Declaration of Emergency
 - Crisis and response
 - Consequences
- c) Lessons of the Emergency.
- d) Politics after Emergency.
 - Lok Sabha Elections 1977
 - Janata Government
- d) Legacy

Students will be able to:

- Understand the causes and consequences of Emergency
- Examine the lessons of Emergency
- Evaluate the rule of Janata Government

7. Regional Aspirations

Topics to be focused:

- a) Region and the Nation
 - Indian Approach
 - Areas of Tension
 - Jammu and Kashmir
 - Roots of the Problem
 - External and Internal disputes
 - Politics since 1948
 - Insurgency and After
 - 2022 and Beyond
- b) Punjab
 - Political Context
 - Cycle of Violence
 - Road to Peace
- c) The Northeast
 - Demand for autonomy
 - Secessionist Movements
 - Movements against outsiders
 - Assam and National Integration

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the implications of regional demands.
- Analyse the importance of integrity in India.
- Appreciate the initiatives taken by the government in dealing with regional aspirations

8. Recent Developments in Indian Politics Topics to be focused

- a) Context of 1990sb) Era of Coalition
 - Alliance Politics
- c) Political rise if the Backward Classes
 - Mandal Implemented
 - Political Fallouts
- d) Communalism, Secularism and Democracy.
 - Ayodhya Dispute
 - Demolition and after
- e) Emergence of New Consensus
- f) Lok Sabha Elections 2004
- g) Growing Consensus

Students will be able to:

- Understand momentous changes taking place in the nation since 1989
- Trace the rise and growth of BJP.
- Identify the areas of growing consensus

Prescribed Books:

- 1. Contemporary World Politics, Class XII, Published by NCERT
- 2. Politics in India since Independence, Class XII, Published by NCERT
- 3. Added Reference Material available with the document in the Annexure

Note: The above textbooks are also available in Hindi and Urdu Languages.

CLASS XI-XII QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

S. No.	Competencies	Marks	Percentage
1	Knowledge and Remembering: Exhibit memory of previously learned material by recalling facts, terms, basic concepts.	22	27.5%
2	Understanding : Understanding of facts and ideas by organizing, comparing, explaining, describing, and stating main ideas.	24	30%
3	Applying : Solve problems by applying acquired knowledge, facts to interpret a situation/ cartoon/ clippings/ sources/ Map	22	27.5%
4	Analysis and Evaluation: Classify, compare, contrast, or differentiate between pieces of information; organise and/ or integrate from a variety of sources; Examine, synthesize information into parts and identify motives or causes. Make inferences and find evidence to support generalizations.	12	15%
		80	100%

Note: Competency based questions for the examinations to be conducted in the academic year 2025-26 will be 50% in class XII.

QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Book	Objective Type 1(M)	SA Type I 2(M)	SA Type II (4M)	Passage/Map/ Cartoon based Questions(4M)	LA Type (6M)	Total Weightage
Contemporary World Politics	6	3	3	1	2	40
Politics in India since Independence	6	3	2	2	2	40
Project/Practical						20
Total No. of Marks and Questions	12	6	5	3	4	80+20

NOTE-

- 1. Question paper will be in five parts (A, B, C, D & E). There will be an internal choice in Part C and Part-E.
- 2. In order to assess different mental abilities of learners, question paper is likely to include questions based on passages, visuals such as maps, cartoons.
- 3. Map question can be given from any lesson of Book 2 (Politics in India since Independence); but weightage of lessons should remain unaltered. The Maps available in the official websites of Govt of India may be used.
- 4. Cartoon and passage-based questions can be asked from either textbook, but weightage of lessons should be maintained